

Susana Martinez, Governor Sidonie Squier, Secretary Marilyn Martinez, Acting Director

General Information Memorandum

ISD-GI 13-46

TO: ISD Employees

FROM: Marilyn Martinez, Acting Director, Income Support Dission

RE: Preparing for the Affordable Care Act, MAGI, Medicant Expansion and

Centennial Care

DATE: September 25, 2013

The Affordable Care Act (ACA) is the nation's health care reform law cassed by Congress and signed into law by the President in March 2010. The ACC will expand health coverage to 30 million Americans. Most provisions of the ACA will take effect in January 1, 2014. The Act:

- 2) Offers affordable health insurance options or consumers who are not Medicaid eligible through tax subsidies or cred a to help ower income people pay for health insurance.
- 3) Uses new rules for calcarding recome when determining eligibility for Medicaid and subsidized health insurance disough Exchanges (also called Health Insurance Marketplaces).

Centennial Care

Centennial Care is the new tame for New Mexico's Medicaid managed care program. Starting on January 2014, Centennial Care will cover physical health, behavioral health, long-term care and community benefits (these are services like adult day health, respite care and personal care services that help to keep people in their homes and communities).

Centennial Care will be offered through four managed care organizations (MCOs). An MCO is an insurance company that contracts with providers and medical facilities to provide health care services to its members. The four MCOs that will be providing Centennial Care services are:

- Blue Cross Blue Shield of New Mexico
- Molina Health Care of New Mexico, Inc.
- Presbyterian Health Plan, Inc.
- United Health Care Community Plan of New Mexico

Existing Medicaid recipients will be asked to choose a new Centennial Care MCO starting October 15, 2013. The Medical Assistance Division (MAD) will send a letter to recipients informing them about this selection process. If recipients haven't chosen an MCO by December 1, they will be auto-assigned to an MCO. (All recipients, whether they selected an MCO during open enrollment or were auto-assigned, with have the opportunity to switch their MCO starting in January.)

Native American Medicaid recipients who are dually eligible for Medicaid and Medicare, or who are receiving long-term care, must enroll with a Centennial Care MCO. If they do not make a selection, they will be auto-assigned. Other Native American recipients can choose to enroll with an MCO but are not required to do so, in which case they will receive their services through the Medicaid fee-for-service (FFS) payment system.

What does Centennial Care mean for the Income Support Division (IS)?

- Starting October 15, existing Medicaid recipients will receive letters any the new MCO selection process and may select their Centennial Care M.O.
- Medicaid recipients will be auto-enrolled in a Centenrial Ca. MCC on December 1, if they haven't chosen one prior to that date.
- For additional information, refer recipients to the Sentennia Care website at www.centennialcare.net or have them call the Sedic id Seditions Center at 1-888-997-2583.
- Plans are also underway to add a field in SPER December 1 to allow an individual to select an MCO at the time of application.

The New Mexico Health Insurance E change (NM IIX)

Health Insurance Exchanges (also calle Mark tplaces) are a requirement of the ACA. The NM HIX is a centralized location where individuals can compare health insurance plans and enroll in a plan that best meets their near. Individuals will also be able to apply for financial assistance, such as tax credits, that will help there pay for their health insurance through the NM HIX. The Marketplace will provide a cess to health insurance coverage that will start on January 1, 2014. Individuals can begin a plying or coverage through NM HIX starting October 1, 2013. The enrollment period of the LW HIX lasts through March 31, 2014.

New eligibility ales enacted under the ACA make people with incomes up to 250% of the federal poverty level (FPL) eligible for reduced cost sharing (e.g., coverage with lower deductibles and copayments) paid for by the federal government. For people with somewhat higher incomes (up to 400% of poverty), the ACA provides tax credits that reduce premium costs. The premium tax credits and cost-sharing assistance will also begin in 2014. Before an individual can be determined eligible for these subsidies and/or credits he or she must be assessed for potential Medicaid eligibility.

What does NM HIX mean for ISD?

• ISD will see an increase in the number of Medicaid applications beginning October 1, 2013. Applications for individuals who are assessed by NM HIX as potentially

- Medicaid-eligible will be transferred electronically to HSD for a full Medicaid determination.
- The Human Services Department will not be responsible for NM HIX or enrolling individuals into health insurance affordability programs.
- Individuals can apply for NM HIX programs at <u>www.bewellnm.com</u> or call 1-855-99NMHIX (996-6449) with questions.

Medicaid Expansion

The ACA allows states to expand the Medicaid program to adults with income up to 138% FPL, beginning January 1, 2014. Earlier this year, Governor Martinez decided to cannot Medicaid in New Mexico. The expansion provides Medicaid eligibility to adults who are at or elow 133% of the Federal Poverty Level (plus a disregard equal to 5% of 100% of the FPL for the applicable family size). Most adults who qualify for this category will receive their Medicaid services through a Centennial Care MCO. Native Americans who are eligible through the expansion may enroll in Centennial Care or receive services through FFS Medicaid.

What does Medicaid Expansion mean for ISD?

- ISD will see an increase in the number of Medical applications beginning October 1, 2013, as the newly eligible population will be applying for coverage that begins on January 1, 2014.
- Workers should encourage individuals to a ply for me **new Medicaid categories** through YES-New Mexico at www.yes.state.nn. us/se service.
- As part of the ACA, all states y ere require to modify their applications. New Mexico's new streamlined application on be used by clients who apply for either Medicaid, the Marketplace or for other public assistance programs. Unfortunately, this will make our ISD 100 Application ruch longer, onew information is required. The new application will be sent to your office by October 1, 2013. All existing ISD 100 Applications must be removed and oplaced with this new streamlined application.
- Effective October 1 ASPS. will be modified to accept new data elements (i.e., questions about who is hope on the client's Federal Tax Return) from the new streamlined application.
- ASIAN is a being modified so that applicants that are denied Medicaid will have their information electronically transferred to the federal Health Insurance Marketplace, so they can be assessed for health insurance affordability programs and tax subsidies/credits.
- In addition, as a workload relief strategy, the Department is planning to automatically run several groups through the MAGI rules established in ASPEN:
 - o In December 2013, the current SCI recipients will be run through the new MAGI rules. If they don't qualify for the new expansion category, ASPEN will close their benefits effective December 31st and they will be referred to the HIX.
 - o In January 2014, Family Planning recipients will also be run through the new MAGI rules in ASPEN and sent to the HIX if denied a new category of eligibility.
 - Both SCI and Family Planning recipients who are determined eligible for Medicaid under the new MAGI rules will have eligibility starting January 1, 2014.

Modified Adjusted Gross Income (MAGI)

Under the Affordable Care Act, eligibility for Medicaid and subsidized health insurance through the Marketplace will use new rules for calculating household income. It's called MAGI or Modified Adjusted Gross Income. It is similar to the way income is calculated for tax purposes. After January 1, 2014, these new income rules may make a household eligible for Medicaid that wouldn't have been prior to this change. These new MAGI rules will only be programmed in ASPEN. ISD2 will not be modified with these changes.

What does MAGI mean for ISD?

- Individuals will be encouraged to apply for Medicaid using YES-New Mexico (YES-NM). YES-NM was designed to collect the data elements needed to process a case using the MAGI rules. The North and South Processing Centers will be the main rubs to process these new applications.
- ISD2 does not have the capability to process MAGI eligibility determinations. Offices that are not converted to ASPEN will be required to process that e new Medicaid applications in ISD2. Then beginning October 1, 2012, ISD3 will begin daily interim conversions for all Medicaid applications that have been a gluant for full coverage Medicaid in ISD2 and have been denied Medicain based on income and/or resources or have been approved for Family Planning or Promator Related Medicaid (035 F & Ponly). These cases will be converted to ASPEN for Magais screening. If the MAGI screening finds the individual potentially organ. The Medicaid expansion category the system will hold their application and process their case for benefits that begin on January 1, 2014. If not eligible a SPEN will enctronically transfer their case information to the federal exchange so individuals may apply for tax subsidies or credits and purchase insurance on the exchange (In both cases the applicant will receive a notice indicating either the the will be eligible effective January 1, 2014 as long as household circumstances do not change or that their application will be referred to the exchange. Certain instributionals ill just get a Medicaid denial; for example, they do not meet ACA residency or citizer hip criteria.)
- Wave 3 offices have nad an additional 42 staff trained in ASPEN and can use these staff, as well as their VES, to process new applications in ASPEN.

ISD will be experiencing a tremendous amount of change between now and January 1. Summarized is night level timeline that describes these changes:

September 23, 2013	Wave 1 Offices start using ASPEN
October 1, 2013	 New streamlined application becomes effective YES-NM website goes live; individuals can apply online New data fields included in ASPEN to accommodate change in streamline application New MAGI rules programmed in ASPEN New applications being received for Medicaid Expansion Annual adjustments to the Federal Poverty Guidelines, maximum and minimum allotments,
	deductions and standards (MR-13-20)

	NM HIX operational, people will be able to shop for insurance
October 15, 2013	Existing Medicaid recipients will be able to choose a Centennial Care managed care organization (MCO)
November 1, 2013	SNAP benefits are being reduced across the board on November 1, 2013 due to the removal of the ARRA increases (MR 13-19)
November 18, 2013	Wave 2 offices start using ASPEN
December 1, 2013	 Medicaid recipients will be auto-enrolled in a new Centennial Care MCO, if they haven't chosen one prior to that date New field added to ASPEN and YES-NM to collect MCO information
December 31, 2013	State Coverage Initiative (SCL) suns
January 1, 2014	 Centennial Care is oper fonal Medicaid Other Adult expression cate ory becomes effective
January 21, 2014	Wave 3 offices star vs. ASPEN
January 31, 2014	Family Plant program supplies

To assist with these changes, mandatory training on ACA and Centennial Care will be available on blackboard and a series of webinars will be scheduled to rovid updates as information becomes available.

If you have any questions regarding this IPP, Nease contact Constance Averett at constance.averett@state.nm.us or 505-2217219.