

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)

Presentation to the Indian Affairs Committee Sean Pearson, Deputy Secretary July 21, 2015

New Mexico Human Services Department

What is SNAP?

- Essential safety net program to help lowincome individuals supplement their food budget
- Federally funded program administered by the New Mexico Human Services Department (HSD)
- Benefits are provided through an Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) card

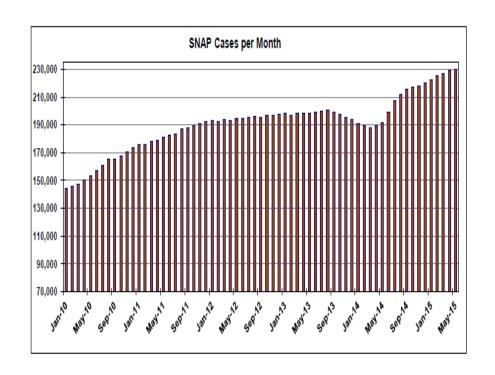
Basics of SNAP Eligibility

- Reside in New Mexico
- Be a citizen or a qualified legal immigrant
- Be at or below 165% of the Federal Poverty Guidelines
 - e.g., \$2,163 per month for a household of two



SNAP Statistics

- 496,927 SNAP recipients as of June 2015
 - 12.8% increase from June 2014
 - Over 87,000 are Native Americans
- \$675.5 million in SNAP benefits issued in FY15
 - 6.4% increase from FY14
 - Average case benefit is \$278 per month





SNAP Employment and Training (E&T)

- Federal law requires states to operate a SNAP E&T program
 - The Food Stamp Act of 1977, as most recently amended by the Agriculture Act of 2014 (P.L. 113-79).
 - Federally administered by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service (FNS).
 - Funded through a combination of formula grants and reimbursements to states for qualifying expenses.
 - Designed to encourage states to increase the number and percentage of SNAP recipients enrolled in education and training, as well as the number of participants earning degrees, certificates, and other credentials with value in the labor market.
- Federal government encouraging the integration of SNAP E&T and other work support programs with state workforce development systems



SNAP E&T and Able Bodied Adults without Dependents (ABAWDs)

- Work requirements signed into law by President Bill Clinton in 1996 under the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (PRWORA)
 - Effectively limits SNAP participation for healthy adults without kids (aka ABAWDS) to 3 months in a 3-year period unless participating in work program for 20 hours per week
- Requirements were in effect in New Mexico from 1997 until 2009, when they were suspended with the implementation of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA)
- NM likely will not qualify for suspension or waiver of these federal rules by the end of 2015.



New Mexico's Proposed E&T Rules

- On May 29, 2015, published a proposed rule, outlining the policy, and the NM FFY 2016 State Plan, outlining the implementation of the E&T program.
- Public comment period occurred through July 17, 2015.
- A public hearing was held on July 17.
- HSD has conducted two roundtable discussions with members of Tribes, Pueblos and Nations on May 8 and June 19, 2015.
- The proposed effective date of the final rule is October 1, 2015
 - ABAWD limits on October 1
 - Rolling implementation of mandatory E&T by March 1, 2016.
- Financial assistance for childcare and transportation cost available.

SNAP E&T as Proposed

- Two categories of recipients
 - Healthy adults without dependents (ABAWD)
 - Healthy adults with dependents
- Waived counties based on unemployment rate
- Individual exemptions based on pregnancy, physical or mental disability, half or full-time student, or drug or alcohol program participation
- Good cause exceptions based on individual circumstances
- Support services available for transportation and dependent care



SNAP E&T as Proposed

- Allowable work activities
 - Individual or group job searches
 - Community service
 - Work experience
- Work activities are based on individual assessments and chosen by the recipient
- Work activity requirements vary based on the recipient's category



E&T Eligibility

The mandatory SNAP participants are separated into two groups. (Federally required)

- Healthy Adults without Dependents. This means the SNAP recipient is:
 - Age 18 to age 49;
 - Living in a SNAP household without a child under 18 or an individual who requires care;
 - Not physically or mentally disabled;
 - Not pregnant.
- Healthy Adults with Dependents. This means the SNAP recipient is:
 - Age 16 to age 59;
 - Not responsible for a child under the age of six;
 - Not physically or mentally disabled;
 - Not pregnant;
 - Not already working more than 30 hours a week;
 - Not in a drug or alcoholic rehab program;
 - Not a Student enrolled at least half time.



Healthy Adults with Dependents: Waivers

- Federal regulations allow the states to establish exemptions that are no more restrictive than federal law.
 - NM has proposed waiving the following Counties, Tribes, Pueblos and Nations due to having an average annual unemployment rate of 10 percent, based on data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Counties Luna Mora

Tribe, Pueblo, Nation

Pueblo of Acoma Pueblo of Jemez Pueblo of Laguna

Mescalero Apache Nation

Navajo Nation
Ohkay Owingeh
Pueblo of Picuris
Pueblo of Sandia
Pueblo of San Felipe
Kewa Pueblo
Pueblo of Zia



Healthy Adults without Dependents: Waivers

- HSD is proposing to waive certain geographical areas within the state based on unemployment factors.
 - NM has proposed the use of a two-year average unemployment rate, 20 percent above the national average based on data from the bureau of labor statistics. Based on this information the following Counties, Tribes, Pueblos and Nations are being proposed to be waived from the E&T program:

Counties	Tribe, Pueblo, Nation	
Guadalupe	Pueblo of Acoma	Pueblo of Cochiti
Luna	Pueblo of Jemez	Pueblo of San Felipe
McKinley	Jicarilla Apache Nation	Pueblo of San Ildefonso
Mora	Pueblo of Laguna	Pueblo of Sandia
Rio Arriba	Mescalero Apache Nation	Pueblo of Santa Ana
Taos	Navajo Nation	Pueblo of Santa Clara
Torrance	Pueblo of Nambe	Kewa Pueblo
	Ohkay Owingeh	Pueblo of Taos
	Pueblo of Picuris	Pueblo of Zia Pueblo of Zuni

Activity and Hours Summary

Mandatory participants can participate in one or multiple of the following activities:

Employment and Training Activity and Hours					
Allowable Activity	Adults without Dependents (36 months)	Adults with Dependents			
		Rural	Urban		
Individual and Group Job Search	Cannot be primary and less than 1/2 the activity hours	12 contacts	24 contacts		
Community Service	20 weekly hours	Up To 120 Hours			
Work Experience	Up to 20 hours weekly with FLSA standard				



SNAP E&T by the Numbers: Participants

Based on the proposed changes, HSD estimates:

Healthy Adults without Dependents Requirements

- 21,461 healthy adults without dependents subject to reinstated requirements.
- After geographic waivers, this number reduced to about 18,300

Healthy Adults with Dependents Requirements

- 62,538 mandatory healthy adults with dependents.
- After geographic waivers, this number reduced to about 52,500



SNAP E&T for Native Americans

- Healthy Adults without Dependents
 - Less than 150 mandatory participants
- Healthy Adults with Dependents
 - Less than 1,500 mandatory participants



Waivers and Exceptions

- Proposed rules and state plan account for areas with high unemployment
 - State has flexibility in the method of calculation
- Proposed rules provide for a "Good Cause" exception to consider specific situations
- Examples of "Good Cause" exception for circumstances beyond an individual's control:
 - Lack of transportation;
 - Distance to work activity; and
 - Individual is a victim of family violence.



SNAP E&T Timeline as Proposed

- October 1, 2015 Healthy Adults without Dependents (ABAWDs) E&T requirements go into effect
- March 1, 2016 Healthy Adults with
 Dependents E&T requirements go into effect
 - Rolling implementation based on SNAP recipient's recertification date



SNAP E&T Outcomes

- Develop a good understanding of the knowledge, skills and abilities that individuals will need to obtain gainful employment.
- Provide individuals with access to programs and services.
- Encourage individuals to gain skills, training, work or experience that will increase self sufficiency.



Questions

